

April 14, 2025

Consolidated Financial Results for the Fiscal Year Ended February 28, 2025 (under IFRS)

Company name: J. FRONT RETAILING Co., Ltd.

Listing: Tokyo Stock Exchange and Nagoya Stock Exchange

Securities code: 3086

URL: https://www.j-front-retailing.com/

Representative: Keiichi Ono, President and Representative Executive Officer

Inquiries: Hajime Inagami, Executive Officer, Senior General Manager of Board of Directors Office

and General Manager of Corporate Communications Division

TEL: +81-3-6865-7621 (from overseas)

Scheduled date of annual general shareholders meeting: May 29, 2025 Scheduled date to commence dividend payments: May 8, 2025 Scheduled date to file Annual Securities Report: May 30, 2025

Preparation of supplementary material on financial results: Yes

Holding of financial results presentation meeting:

Yes (for institutional investors and analysts)

(Millions of yen with fractional amounts discarded, unless otherwise noted)

1. Consolidated performance for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2025 (from March 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025)

(1) Consolidated operating results

(Percentages indicate year-on-year changes.)

` '		O					_	-	•	· /
	Gross sa	les	Sales revenue		Business profit		Operating profit		Profit before tax	
Fiscal year ended	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%
February 28, 2025	1,268,322	10.1	441,877	8.6	53,490	20.7	58,199	35.2	55,785	34.9
February 29, 2024	1,151,972	15.3	407,006	13.2	44,330	78.4	43,048	125.9	41,343	145.0

	Profit attribu owners of p		Total compre income		Basic earnings per share	Diluted earnings per share
Fiscal year ended	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Yen	Yen
February 28, 2025	41,424	38.5	49,529	60.1	160.35	160.15
February 29, 2024	29,913	110.1	30,935	88.6	114.06	114.06

	Profit/shareholders' equity	Operating profit/ total assets	Operating profit/ sales revenue	
Fiscal year ended	%	%	%	
February 28, 2025	10.5	5.1	13.2	
February 29, 2024	8.1	3.9	10.6	

^{1.} Of sales revenue, sales from purchase recorded at the time of sale (shoka shiire) of the "Department Store Business" have been converted into gross amount and the net amount of sales of the "SC Business" into tenant transaction volume (gross amount basis) to calculate gross sales.

^{2.} Business profit is obtained by subtracting cost of sales and selling, general and administrative expense from sales revenue. Operating profit is obtained by adding other operating income to and subtracting other operating expenses from business profit.

(2) Consolidated financial position

	Total assets	Total equity	Equity attributable to owners of parent	aumnilianie io	Equity attributable to owners of parent per share
As of	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	%	Yen
February 28, 2025	1,164,147	423,235	409,646	35.2	1,597.24
February 29, 2024	1,114,726	394,232	381,898	34.3	1,453.71

(3) Consolidated cash flows

	Cash flows from operating activities	Cash flows from investing activities	Cash flows from financing activities	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period
Fiscal year ended	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen
February 28, 2025	85,812	(28,308)	(74,001)	54,975
February 29, 2024	90,692	13,429	(72,746)	71,342

2. Cash dividends

		Annual dividends					Dividend	Ratio of dividends
	First quarter-end	Second quarter- end	Third quarter-end	Fiscal year-end	Total	dividends payout ratio (Consolidated)		attributable to owners of parent (Consolidated)
	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Millions of yen	%	%
Fiscal year ended February 29, 2024	_	16.00	-	20.00	36.00	9,437	31.6	2.5
Fiscal year ended February 28, 2025	=	22.00	l	30.00	52.00	13,322	32.4	3.3
Fiscal year ending February 28, 2026 (Forecast)	-	27.00	l	27.00	54.00		44.7	

^{*} For the year-end dividend for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2025, please refer to the "Notice Regarding Revisions to Dividend Forecasts," which was disclosed today.

3. Consolidated earnings forecasts for the fiscal year ending February 28, 2026 (from March 1, 2025 to February 28, 2026)

(Percentages indicate year-on-year changes.)

	Gross sa	Gross sales Sales revenue B		Business profit		1 21		Profit before tax		
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%
First six months ending August 31, 2025	645,000	5.7	224,400	7.2	30,000	(7.6)	30,000	(23.8)	28,000	(26.8)
Fiscal year ending February 28, 2026	1,316,000	3.8	459,000	3.9	54,000	1.0	50,000	(14.1)	45,500	(18.4)

	Profit attributown owners of p		Basic earnings per share
	Millions of yen	%	Yen
First six months ending August 31, 2025	18,500	(36.4)	73.79
Fiscal year ending February 28, 2026	30,000	(27.6)	120.93

Note: The Company has resolved on acquisition of own shares, etc. at a meeting of the Board of Directors held on April 14, 2025. The figures for "Basic earnings per share" in the consolidated earnings forecasts for the fiscal year ending February 28, 2026 take into account the impact of the acquisition of own shares.

Please refer to "4. Consolidated financial statements and significant notes thereto (5) Notes to consolidated financial statements (Significant subsequent events)" on page 24 of the material attached to this financial results report for information on the acquisition of own shares.

* Notes

- (1) Significant changes in the scope of consolidation during the period: None
- (2) Changes in accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates
 - a. Changes in accounting policies required by IFRS: None
 - b. Changes in accounting policies due to other reasons: None
 - c. Changes in accounting estimates: None
- (3) Number of issued shares (common shares)
 - a. Total number of issued shares at the end of the period (including treasury shares)

As of February 28, 2025	270,565,764 shares
As of February 29, 2024	270,565,764 shares

b. Number of treasury shares at the end of the period

As of February 28, 2025	14,093,649 shares
As of February 29, 2024	7,858,962 shares

c. Average number of shares during the period

For the fiscal year ended February 28, 2025	258,336,126 shares
For the fiscal year ended February 29, 2024	262,260,084 shares

< Reference > Non-consolidated performance

Non-consolidated performance for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2025 (from March 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025)

(1) Non-consolidated operating results

(Percentages indicate year-on-year changes.)

	Operating revenue		Operating pro	ofit	Ordinary pro	fit	Profit	
Fiscal year ended	Millions of yen %		Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%
February 28, 2025	20,727	25.5	10,878	27.4	9,973	14.1	11,087	(35.7)
February 29, 2024	16,512	8.4	8,539	(4.7)	8,741	5.5	17,251	104.2

	Basic earnings per share	Diluted earnings per share
Fiscal year ended	Yen	Yen
February 28, 2025	42.98	42.93
February 29, 2024	65.82	65.82

(2) Non-consolidated financial position

	Total assets	Net assets	Equity ratio	Net assets per share
As of	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	%	Yen
February 28, 2025	601,478	335,382	55.8	1,309.09
February 29, 2024	639,463	345,175	54.0	1,316.73

Reference: Equity

As of February 28, 2025: ¥335,382 million As of February 29, 2024: ¥345,175 million

Operating revenue increased as a result of an increase in dividend income from subsidiaries, while profit declined due to the absence of gain on sales of shares of subsidiaries and associates recorded in the previous fiscal year.

- * Financial results reports are exempt from audit conducted by certified public accountants or an audit corporation.
- * Proper use of earnings forecasts, and other special matters

(Caution regarding forward-looking statements)

The forward-looking statements, including earnings forecasts, contained in these materials are based on information currently available to the Company and on certain assumptions deemed to be reasonable by the Company. These statements do not purport that the Company pledges to realize such statements. Actual business and other results may differ substantially due to various factors. Please refer to "1. Overview of operating results (4) Consolidated earnings forecasts" on page 8 of the material attached to this financial results report for the suppositions that form the assumptions for earnings forecasts and cautions concerning the use thereof.

(How to obtain supplementary material on financial results)

Supplementary material on financial results was disclosed on the same day on TDnet.

<Reason for difference compared with the previous fiscal year's actual non-consolidated performance>

[Attached Material]

Index

1.	Overview of operating results	2
(1)	Overview of operating results for the current fiscal year	2
(2)	Overview of financial position for the current fiscal year	7
(3)	Overview of cash flow position for the current fiscal year	
(4)	Consolidated earnings forecasts	8
(5)	Basic policy on profit distribution for the current fiscal year and dividends for the current fi	scal year
and	the next fiscal year	9
2.	Overview of the corporate group	10
3.	Basic rationale on selection of accounting standard	11
4.	Consolidated financial statements and significant notes thereto	12
(1)	Consolidated statement of financial position	
(2)	Consolidated statement of income and consolidated statement of comprehensive income	14
	(Consolidated statement of income)	
	(Consolidated statement of comprehensive income)	15
(3)	Consolidated statement of changes in equity	16
(4)	Consolidated statement of cash flows	18
(5)	Notes to consolidated financial statements	20
	(Notes on premise of going concern)	20
	(Segment information, etc.)	20
	(Per share information)	23
	(Significant subsequent events)	

1. Overview of operating results

(1) Overview of operating results for the current fiscal year

A. Operating results for the current fiscal year

(Millions of yen, %)	Fiscal year ended	Year-on-yea	Against October forecasts	
(ivitinous of yen, 70)	February 28, 2025	Change in amount	Change in percentage	Change in amount
Gross sales	1,268,322	116,350	10.1	18,322
Sales revenue	441,877	34,871	8.6	4,877
Gross profit	212,596	17,080	8.7	1,096
Selling, general and administrative expense	159,106	7,921	5.2	(394)
Business profit	53,490	9,160	20.7	1,490
Other operating income	11,831	8,158	222.1	2,331
Other operating expenses	7,122	2,167	43.7	(2,378)
Operating profit	58,199	15,151	35.2	6,199
Profit attributable to owners of parent	41,424	11,511	38.5	4,924

The Japanese economy in the fiscal year under review exhibited signs of a gentle recovery with strengthening capital investment against the backdrop of improving corporate earnings, and the expansion of spending by foreign visitors to Japan, despite signs of weakness in parts of the economy including housing investment.

Personal consumption remained unstable with signs of stagnation in the improvement of consumer sentiment due to factors such as rising consumer prices, despite continuing improvement in employment and income conditions.

In this operating environment, and with a new management structure in place, we have kicked off the new Medium-term Business Plan (FY2024–FY2026) with a view to the year 2030.

The Company is promoting corporate activities that are aligned with "sustainability management" aimed at tackling environmental and social issues and finding solutions for them through business in order to realize the Group Vision of "Create and Bring to Life 'New Happiness.'" Last spring, based on changes in the business environment the Company considers important and our strengths, we put forward our Vision for 2030, "Transformation into a 'Value Co-creation Retailer' continuing to provide the three values of co-creation primarily through our retail business."

In this Medium-term Business Plan, we have positioned this period as a phase of change to ensure realization of the Vision for 2030 and achievement of medium- to long-term growth. As key strategies, we are focusing on further strengthening the retail businesses, particularly the Department Store Business and the SC Business, evolving Group synergies to realize dramatic growth, and strengthening the Group's management foundation to enhance the effectiveness of these strategies.

As part of efforts to further strengthen the retail businesses, mainly in the Department Store Business, we started the renovation of the Matsuzakaya Nagoya store to cultivate loyalty among existing customers and attract next-generation customers, with the aim of enhancing the appeal of customer contact points and further improving the store's competitive superiority. The store reopened floor by floor starting in November 2024. We have also decided to promote a large-scale renovation of the Daimaru Umeda store, for the first time since the opening of the store, through collaboration with other companies.

In the SC Business, we renovated Nagoya PARCO under the theme of bringing together the Tokai area's greatest concentration of fashion and entertainment. Alongside introducing leading fashion brands, we expanded pop culture shops. In the anime and subculture fields in which PARCO excels, we worked on business development by leveraging the license of a popular manga to promote the expansion of content for the premium and aspirational consumer group.

In our efforts in expanding our customer base, we worked to expand app membership as well as enhanced the media functions of the app through updates and improvements. Also, to better cater for our overseas customer base, we built a communications platform for foreign visitors to Japan in the

Department Store Business and worked on mutual customer referrals through collaboration with domestic and overseas companies.

As part of efforts to evolve Group synergies, with the aim of maximizing area synergies particularly in our seven key areas, we renovated stores, mainly in the Nagoya Sakae area, and pressed ahead with development plans for The Landmark Nagoya Sakae for a scheduled opening in 2026. In the Shinsaibashi area, in addition to progressing the development of the "Shinsaibashi project (tentative name)," scheduled to open in 2026, we newly converted Shinsaibashi Kyodo Center Building, K.K., the company that owns the Daimaru Shinsaibashi South Building, into a subsidiary. Also, we made the decision to invest in a specified purpose company to acquire the adjacent building, Shinsaibashi Building (the former Kansai Urban Banking Corporation headquarters). We progressed plans to redevelop the Fukuoka Tenjin area through collaboration with other companies.

Based on the policy to reorganize and strengthen the interior design business and the building management business, the building management business of the Group was integrated into PARCO SPACE SYSTEMS Co., Ltd. in September 2024.

In the Payment and Finance Business, with the aim of expanding our base of the Group customers, we continue to consolidate card issuance operations within the Group, and we commenced the issuance of the new GINZA SIX card in April 2024 and new PARCO Card in February 2025.

In addition, we concluded an agreement with Komehyo Co., Ltd. in November 2024 to establish a joint venture company aimed at increasing the number of customer touchpoints and providing new value by entering the reuse market, which is expected to grow in the future. Also, for the purpose of seeking solutions to the business succession challenges of local communities and contributing to regional communities and discovering appealing regional content, we set up a business succession fund in partnership with other companies and invested in the first project.

As part of strengthening the Group's management foundation, in our human resource strategy, we have established a group wide "Human Resources Management Policy" supporting the realization of our transformation into a 'Value Co-creation Retailer' and the promotion of a new Group human resource strategy integrated with management strategy, and strengthened our systems to accelerate implementation of our human resource strategy.

Under our systems strategy, we promoted the introduction of a common accounting system for the entire Group aiming to enhance business management and operational efficiency, and worked on the integration of groupware to revitalize internal and external communication. In addition, we established a new "Group System Philosophy."

We further strengthened the oversight function by changing the chairperson of the Board of Directors to an independent Outside Director, in addition to the chairpersons of the existing three statutory committees.

Under our financial strategy, we progressed our efforts to have ROIC management take root within the Company through cooperation with operating companies. In addition, with the aim of improving medium- to long-term capital profitability, optimizing equity capital, and strengthening shareholder returns, we implemented a targeted consolidated dividend payout ratio of 40% or more (excluding a gain on step acquisition) and acquisition of own shares totaling ¥10.0 billion.

As a result of various measures including those mentioned above, each level of profit set a new post-business integration record high with respect to consolidated earnings for the current fiscal year, and we achieved the business profit target for the final year of our Medium-term Business Plan (FY2026).

Specifically, sales revenue increased to \(\frac{\pmathbf{441}}{41}\),877 million (up 8.6% year on year). As for business profit, in addition to the increase in sales revenue, cost-saving efforts, despite strategic expenditures, resulted in business profit of \(\frac{\pmathbf{453}}{490}\) million (up 20.7% year on year). While impairment losses were recorded at some stores, mainly the recording of a gain on step acquisition also factored in, and operating profit rose

sharply to ¥58,199 million (up 35.2% year on year), profit before tax was ¥55,785 million (up 34.9% year on year), and profit attributable to owners of parent was ¥41,424 million (up 38.5% year on year).

Business results by segment are as follows.

Due to the review of the business management classification, PARCO Digital Marketing Co., Ltd. was removed from the Developer Business and included in the SC Business on March 1, 2024. In addition, due to reorganization within the Group as of September 1, 2024, a part of the management business of J. Front One Partner Co., Ltd. (formerly JFR Service Co. Ltd.) was transferred to PARCO SPACE SYSTEMS Co., Ltd. and another company. As a result, results have been retroactively adjusted as if the transfer took place at the beginning of the fiscal year ended February 29, 2024 (as of March 1, 2023).

<Department Store Business>

0.5111.	Fiscal year ended	Year-on-year changes		Against October forecasts
(Millions of yen, %)	February 28, 2025	February 28, 2025 Change in amount		Change in amount
Sales revenue	263,643	24,543	10.3	(2,357)
Business profit	33,982	7,874	30.2	(1,618)
Operating profit	29,677	6,247	26.7	(3,623)

Net sales increased significantly mainly due to factors including the effects of renovations aimed at expanding content for the premium and aspirational consumer group and growth in sales from foreign tourists visiting Japan.

By store, sales to inbound tourists were brisk at the Daimaru Shinsaibashi and Kyoto stores, while the performance of major stores was strong, including the Daimaru Kobe and Sapporo stores, which strategically renovated their floors, and the Daimaru Tokyo store, which is located at a terminal site. These factors drove the overall performance.

In accordance with the key strategies, we have been promoting a large-scale renovation of the Matsuzakaya Nagoya store, and floors have been reopened in order since November 2024. This renovation aims to enhance experiential value unique to a physical store and to attract next-generation customers. In addition to expanding luxury brand offerings, we enhanced contents that capture next-generation market needs, such as fashion, art, alcoholic beverages, beauty, and wellness. The Daimaru Umeda store announced a large-scale renovation plan for the SOUTH GATE BUILDING, which houses the store, in collaboration with other companies.

Moreover, we revamped the Daimaru Matsuzakaya App to enhance its media functions, in order to build a strong relationship with customers.

<SC Rusiness>

SC Dusiness-						
(A.C.II) (C. 0/)	Fiscal year ended	Year-on-yea	ar changes	Against October forecasts		
(Millions of yen, %)	February 28, 2025	Change in amount	Change in percentage	Change in amount		
Sales revenue	64,418	5,687	9.7	418		
Business profit	12,745	4,323	51.3	1,445		
Operating profit	12,850	3,387	35.8	3,050		

To deepen the retail business, we carried out strategic renovations to increase the distinctive brand value of PARCO and the value of visiting our stores as well as extend support from the perspective of Generation MZ and overseas customers.

We renovated Nagoya PARCO based on the themes of the Tokai area's most sophisticated fashion and diverse entertainment, and carried out strategic remodeling at Sendai PARCO to strengthen fashion and entertainment and at Hiroshima PARCO to attract one-of-a-kind shops in the area.

In addition, we worked to strengthen information dissemination to foreign tourists visiting Japan and to strengthen relationships including through partnerships with overseas companies particularly in Asia, and inbound sales at Shibuya PARCO and Shinsaibashi PARCO grew significantly and drove business performance.

In the culture business, theatre made a recovery, while music benefited from Shibuya Quattro's strong performance, and the collaboration café succeeded in business development by leveraging the license of a popular manga.

Moreover, in April 2024, PARCO CO., LTD. signed a basic agreement on a strategic alliance with Hyundai, a major department store chain in South Korea, and a pop-up event was held at Shibuya PARCO to attract a new customer base, particularly the MZ generations.

As a result of various measures including those mentioned above, sales revenue increased to \(\xi\)64,418 million (up 9.7% year on year). Business profit increased significantly to \(\xi\)12,745 million (up 51.3% year on year).

<Developer Business>

Developer Business						
(A.CH: 6 A/)	Fiscal year ended	Year-on-year changes		Against October forecasts		
(Millions of yen, %)	February 28, 2025	Change in amount	Change in percentage	Change in amount		
Sales revenue	90,658	9,340	11.5	13,158		
Business profit	8,360	575	7.4	2,260		
Operating profit	8,189	515	6.7	2,389		

Factors such as recording a gain on the sale of properties held by J. Front City Development Co., Ltd., and an increase in orders for the hotel interior finishing and construction at J. Front Design & Construction Co., Ltd. led to higher sales revenue and profit.

In the key strategies, in the development of the Company's seven key areas, we have steadily promoted "The Landmark Nagoya Sakae" and the "Shinsaibashi project (tentative name)" both of which are scheduled for completion and opening in FY2026. Additionally, we made the decision to invest in a specified purpose company that will acquire the Shinsaibashi Building. For the "Tenjin 2-chome South Block Station-front East West Street Area Project (tentative name)," we have been advancing the project across the entire Group, based on city planning decisions for district planning and urban redevelopment projects.

Also, to reorganize and strengthen the building management business of the Group, in September 2024, the building management business of J. Front One Partner Co., Ltd. (formerly JFR Service Co. Ltd.) was transferred to PARCO SPACE SYSTEMS Co., Ltd.

As a result of various measures including those mentioned above, sales revenue increased to \pm \90,658 million (up 11.5% year on year) and business profit increased to \pm 8,360 million (up 7.4% year on year).

<Payment and Finance Business>

	Fiscal year ended	Year-on-year changes		Against October forecasts
(Millions of yen, %)	February 28, 2025	Change in amount	Change in percentage	Change in amount
Sales revenue	13,135	20	0.1	(299)
Business profit	1,637	(1,140)	(41.0)	(258)
Operating profit	1,460	(1,123)	(43.5)	(229)

As part of efforts to implement key strategies, we worked to expand the number of card members and promote usage through collaboration with the Department Store Business. In addition, with the aim of expanding our base of new customers, we started issuing the new GINZA SIX Card and new PARCO Card to pave the way for the consolidation of the Group's cards. In the Affiliated Store Business, we developed the external affiliates especially in the key areas, and worked on the expansion of acquiring operations at the Group's commercial facilities.

Also, to reinforce the effort to combat the unauthorized use of credit cards plaguing the industry, we introduced such measures as multi-factor authentication and one-time passwords for our online services.

As a result of various measures including those mentioned above, sales revenue was \$13,135 million (up 0.1% year on year) due to an increase in point cost despite higher revenue from affiliated store fees due to a growth in transaction volume. In selling, general, and administrative expenses, investment for the consolidation of Group's cards and personnel expenses, etc. increased. As a result, business profit decreased to \$1,637 million (down 41.0% year on year).

(2) Overview of financial position for the current fiscal year

Position of assets, liabilities, and equity

(Millions of yen, %)	As of February 29, 2024	As of February 28, 2025	Change in amount
Current assets	246,501	241,045	(5,456)
Non-current assets	868,225	923,101	54,876
Total assets	1,114,726	1,164,147	49,421
Current liabilities	331,261	341,341	10,080
Non-current liabilities	389,232	399,570	10,338
Total liabilities	720,494	740,911	20,417
Equity attributable to owners of parent	381,898	409,646	27,748
Ratio of equity attributable to owners of parent to total assets	34.3	35.2	0.9
Total equity	394,232	423,235	29,003

Total assets as of February 28, 2025 was \(\frac{\pmathbf{1}}{1,164,147}\) million, up \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{49,421}\) million compared with February 29, 2024. Total liabilities was \(\frac{\pmathbf{7}}{740,911}\) million, an increase of \(\frac{\pmathbf{2}}{20,417}\) million compared with February 29, 2024. Interest-bearing debt (including lease liabilities) was \(\frac{\pmathbf{3}}{363,578}\) million, down \(\frac{\pmathbf{8}}{820}\) million compared with February 29, 2024.

Total equity was ¥423,235 million, an increase of ¥29,003 million compared with February 29, 2024.

(3) Overview of cash flow position for the current fiscal year

(Millions of yen)	Fiscal year ended February 29, 2024	Fiscal year ended February 28, 2025	Change in amount
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	90,692	85,812	(4,880)
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	13,429	(28,308)	(41,737)
Free cash flows	104,122	57,503	(46,619)
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities	(72,746)	(74,001)	(1,255)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	31,375	(16,498)	(47,873)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	71,342	54,975	(16,367)

Cash flow positions in the current fiscal year and the factors for these are as follows.

Net cash used in investing activities was \(\frac{\text{\frac{42}}}{29}\), 2024, cash used increased by \(\frac{\text{\frac{41}}}{41}\),737 million, largely reflecting the renovation of the Matsuzakaya Nagoya store and purchase of Shinsaibashi Kyodo Center Building.

Net cash used in financing activities was \(\frac{\pmathbf{74}}{4},001\) million. In comparison with the fiscal year ended February 29, 2024, cash used increased by \(\frac{\pmathbf{1}}{1},255\) million mainly due to purchase of treasury shares.

<Reference> Trends in cash flow indicators

	Fiscal year	Fiscal year	Fiscal year	Fiscal year
	ended	ended	ended	ended
	February 28,	February 28,	February 29,	February 28,
	2022	2023	2024	2025
Ratio of equity attributable to owners of parent to total assets (%)	29.4	32.1	34.3	35.2
Market value ratio of equity attributable to owners of parent to total assets (%)	21.1	29.5	35.0	42.9
Interest-bearing debt to cash flow ratio (%)	1,006.9	632.2	401.8	423.7
Interest coverage ratio (times)	8.6	12.7	18.9	20.3

Ratio of equity attributable to owners of parent to total assets: total equity attributable to owners of parent / total assets

Market value ratio of equity attributable to owners of parent to total assets: market capitalization / total assets

Interest-bearing debt to cash flow ratio: interest-bearing debt / cash flow

Interest coverage ratio: cash flow / paid interest

Notes: 1. All indicators are calculated based on consolidated financial figures.

- 2. Market capitalization is calculated by multiplying the closing stock price at the end of the period by the number of issued shares at the end of the period (excluding treasury shares).
- 3. The figure used for cash flow is "net cash from (used in) operating activities."
- 4. Interest-bearing debt consists of current borrowings, commercial papers, current portion of bonds, lease liabilities (short-term), bonds, non-current borrowings and lease liabilities (long-term) recorded on the consolidated statement of financial position. Furthermore, regarding the paid interest, we use the interest paid recorded on the consolidated statement of cash flows.

(4) Consolidated earnings forecasts

In our full-year consolidated earnings forecasts for the fiscal year ending February 28, 2026, we project gross sales of \(\frac{\pmathbf{\frac{4}}}{1,316,000}\) million, sales revenue of \(\frac{\pmathbf{\frac{4}}}{459,000}\) million; business profit of \(\frac{\pmathbf{\frac{4}}}{54,000}\) million; operating profit of \(\frac{\pmathbf{\frac{4}}}{50,000}\) million; profit before tax of \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{45,500}\) million; and profit attributable to owners of parent of \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{30,000}\) million. Our forecast for basic earnings per share is \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{120.93}\).

(5) Basic policy on profit distribution for the current fiscal year and dividends for the current fiscal year and the next fiscal year

The Company's basic policy is to return profits appropriately by striving to provide a stable dividend and purchasing treasury shares in a flexible and agile manner, with the aim of maintaining and enhancing the Company's sound financial standing while keeping profit levels, future capital investment, free cash flow trends and other such factors in consideration. In accordance with this policy, the Company will strive to optimize shareholder's equity by providing dividends with a targeted consolidated dividend payout ratio of 40% or more and purchasing treasury shares during the period of its FY2024–FY2026 Medium-term Business Plan.

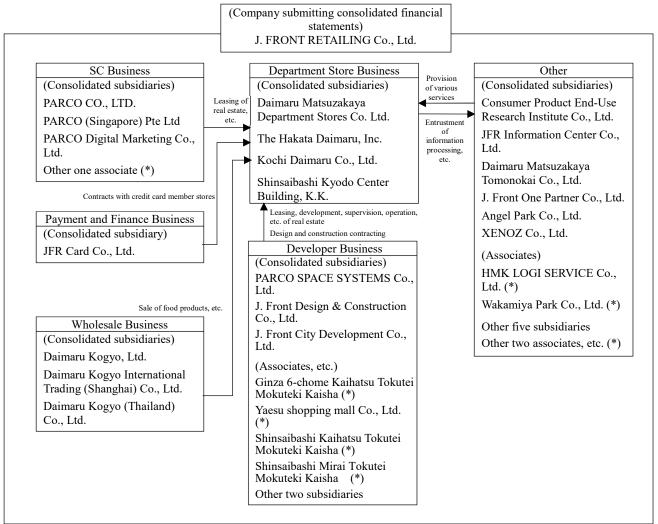
With respect to internal reserves, the Company intends to enhance corporate value by using them for such purposes as investing in store refurbishments to further strengthen the retail businesses (Department Store Business and SC Business), making upfront investments in the Developer Business aimed at realizing Group synergies, and implementing growth investment.

The Company has revised dividend forecasts for the current fiscal year to an annual dividend of \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{52}\) per share, comprising an interim dividend of \(\frac{\pmathbf{2}}{22}\) per share and a year-end dividend of \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{30}\) per share.

In the next fiscal year, the Company plans to pay an annual dividend of ¥54 per share, comprising an interim dividend of ¥27 per share and a year-end dividend of ¥27 per share.

2. Overview of the corporate group

The corporate group consists of the Company, 27 subsidiaries and nine associates, etc. Its principal business is the Department Store Business, and its other businesses include the SC Business, the Developer Business, the Payment and Finance Business, wholesaling, parking, and leasing. The following is a business organization chart of the Group's main consolidated subsidiaries and equity method companies.



Notes: 1. Companies marked with an asterisk (*) are equity method associates, etc.

- 2. In segment information, wholesaling, parking, leasing, etc. are shown together as "Other." The other businesses are categorized in accordance with the segments.
- 3. On March 27, 2024, PARCO CO., LTD. sold some shares of Apparel-web, Inc. Accordingly, that company is no longer an equity method affiliate.
- 4. Daimaru Matsuzakaya Department Stores Co. Ltd. acquired additional shares in Shinsaibashi Kyodo Center Building, K.K., on July 31, 2024, and that company was converted from an equity method company into a consolidated subsidiary.
- 5. On November 1, 2024, JFR Service Co. Ltd. changed its trade name to J.Front One Partner Co., Ltd.
- 6. The liquidation of PT. Daimaru Kogyo Indonesia was completed on February 3, 2025.
- 7. J. Front City Development Co., Ltd. made a joint investment in Shinsaibashi Mirai Specified Purpose Company, and as at January 31, 2025, that company has been included in the scope of equity method affiliates.

3. Basic rationale on selection of accounting standard

The Group has voluntarily adopted the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) from the fiscal year ended February 28, 2018 for the purpose of implementing effective management based on appropriate asset evaluation, applying business management that gives emphasis to the profit of the current period and improving the convenience of overseas investors by improving the international comparability of financial information.

4. Consolidated financial statements and significant notes thereto

(1) Consolidated statement of financial position

	As of February 29, 2024	As of February 28, 2025
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	71,342	54,975
Trade and other receivables	143,321	156,663
Other financial assets	11,439	8,690
Inventories	15,193	12,662
Other current assets	5,203	6,421
Subtotal	246,501	239,414
Assets held for sale	=	1,631
Total current assets	246,501	241,045
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	458,623	469,417
Right-of-use assets	107,623	136,389
Goodwill	560	6,799
Investment property	181,985	177,176
Intangible assets	7,886	8,350
Investments accounted for using equity method	23,531	27,840
Other financial assets	72,034	81,535
Deferred tax assets	3,636	3,190
Other non-current assets	12,343	12,402
Total non-current assets	868,225	923,101
Total assets	1,114,726	1,164,147

	Millions of yen	Millions of yen
Liabilities and equity		
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Bonds and borrowings	57,330	53,330
Trade and other payables	151,230	162,810
Lease liabilities	27,222	25,294
Other financial liabilities	28,362	28,262
Income tax payables	7,183	11,576
Provisions	2,487	785
Other current liabilities	57,445	59,280
Total current liabilities	331,261	341,341
Non-current liabilities		
Bonds and borrowings	156,618	136,728
Lease liabilities	123,228	148,225
Other financial liabilities	34,798	33,368
Retirement benefit liabilities	15,980	15,369
Provisions	6,746	5,905
Deferred tax liabilities	51,439	59,519
Other non-current liabilities	419	453
Total non-current liabilities	389,232	399,570
Total liabilities	720,494	740,911
Equity		
Capital	31,974	31,974
Share premium	189,172	188,081
Treasury shares	(14,231)	(23,940)
Other components of equity	7,383	14,219
Retained earnings	167,600	199,311
Total equity attributable to owners of parent	381,898	409,646
Non-controlling interests	12,333	13,588
Total equity	394,232	423,235
Total liabilities and equity	1,114,726	1,164,147

(2) Consolidated statement of income and consolidated statement of comprehensive income

(Consolidated statement of income)

	Fiscal year ended February 29, 2024	Fiscal year ended February 28, 2025
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen
Sales revenue	407,006	441,877
Cost of sales	(211,490)	(229,281)
Gross profit	195,516	212,596
Selling, general and administrative expense	(151,185)	(159,106)
Other operating income	3,673	11,831
Other operating expenses	(4,955)	(7,122)
Operating profit	43,048	58,199
Finance income	1,609	781
Finance costs	(4,847)	(4,270)
Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using equity method	1,532	1,074
Profit before tax	41,343	55,785
Income tax expense	(11,096)	(14,273)
Profit	30,247	41,512
Profit attributable to:		
Owners of parent	29,913	41,424
Non-controlling interests	333	87
Profit	30,247	41,512
Earnings per share		
Basic earnings per share (Yen)	114.06	160.35
Diluted earnings per share (Yen)	114.06	160.15

(Consolidated statement of comprehensive income)

other comprehensive income Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Share of other comprehensive income of entities accounted for using equity method Total items that will not be reclassified to profit or	
Other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Remeasurements of defined benefit plans 2,276 1, Share of other comprehensive income of entities accounted for using equity method Total items that will not be reclassified to profit or 562 7,	
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Remeasurements of defined benefit plans 2,276 1, Share of other comprehensive income of entities accounted for using equity method Total items that will not be reclassified to profit or 562 7.	512
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Share of other comprehensive income of entities accounted for using equity method Total items that will not be reclassified to profit or (1,638) 6, (1,638) (75) (75)	
other comprehensive income Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Share of other comprehensive income of entities accounted for using equity method Total items that will not be reclassified to profit or (1,638) 6, (75) (75)	
Share of other comprehensive income of entities accounted for using equity method Total items that will not be reclassified to profit or 562 7.	717
entities accounted for using equity method Total items that will not be reclassified to profit or 562 7.	135
562	0
	852
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss	
Cash flow hedges 20	(46)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations 103	213
Share of other comprehensive income of entities accounted for using equity method	(2)
Total items that may be reclassified to profit or	164
loss	
•	017
Comprehensive income 30,935 49,	529
Comprehensive income attributable to:	
Owners of parent 30,561 49,	126
Non-controlling interests 373	102
Comprehensive income 30,935 49,	529

(3) Consolidated statement of changes in equity

		Equity attributable to owners of parent						
		Other components of equ						
	Capital	Share premium	Treasury shares	Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	Cash flow hedges	Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen		
Balance at March 1, 2023	31,974	189,068	(14,466)	209	(2)	10,448		
Profit	_	_	_	-	_	_		
Other comprehensive income				105	20	(1,647)		
Total comprehensive income	-	_	_	105	20	(1,647)		
Purchase of treasury shares	_	_	(7)	_	_	_		
Disposal of treasury shares	_	(0)	0	_	_	_		
Dividends	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Share-based payment	_	104	240	_	_	_		
transactions		10.	2.0					
Change due to capital increase	_	_	_	_	_	_		
of consolidated subsidiaries								
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	_	0	_	-	-	_		
Transfer from other								
components of equity to	_	_	_	_	_	(1,749)		
retained earnings						(),)		
Total transactions with	<u></u>					(4.540)		
owners		103	234			(1,749)		
Balance at February 29, 2024	31,974	189,172	(14,231)	314	17	7,050		
Profit	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Other comprehensive income				211	(46)	6,716		
Total comprehensive	_	_	_	211	(46)	6,716		
income				211	(40)	0,710		
Purchase of treasury shares	_	(117)	(11,458)	_	_	_		
Dividends	_	_	_	-	_	_		
Share-based payment transactions	_	(973)	1,749	_	_	_		
Change due to capital increase								
of consolidated subsidiaries	_	_	_	_	-	_		
Obtaining of control of								
subsidiaries	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Transfer from other								
components of equity to	_	-	-	_	_	(45)		
retained earnings								
Total transactions with owners	-	(1,090)	(9,708)	-	-	(45)		
Balance at February 28, 2025	31,974	188,081	(23,940)	525	(29)	13,722		
• *								

		Equity attributable				
		nents of equity				
	Remeasure-	ients of equity	Retained		Non-controlling	Total
	ments of defined benefit plans	Total	earnings	Total	interests	10.00
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen
Balance at March 1, 2023	_	10,654	142,153	359,385	12,025	371,410
Profit	_	_	29,913	29,913	333	30,247
Other comprehensive income	2,169	648	_	648	40	688
Total comprehensive income	2,169	648	29,913	30,561	373	30,935
Purchase of treasury shares	_	_	_	(7)	_	(7)
Disposal of treasury shares	_	_	_	0	_	0
Dividends	_	_	(8,386)	(8,386)	(64)	(8,450)
Share-based payment			(0,000)	(0,200)	(* .)	(0,100)
transactions	_	_	_	344	_	344
Change due to capital increase						
of consolidated subsidiaries	_	_	_	_	6	6
Changes in ownership interests					-	
in subsidiaries	_	_	_	0	(7)	(6)
Transfer from other						
components of equity to	(2,169)	(3,919)	3,919	_	_	_
retained earnings						
Total transactions with owners	(2,169)	(3,919)	(4,466)	(8,048)	(65)	(8,113)
Balance at February 29, 2024		7,383	167,600	381,898	12,333	394,232
Profit		7,505	41,424	41,424	87	41,512
Other comprehensive income	1,120	8,002	41,424	8,002	15	8,017
Total comprehensive income	1,120	8,002	41,424	49,426	102	49,529
Purchase of treasury shares	_	_	_	(11,575)	_	(11,575)
Dividends	_	_	(10,879)	(10,879)	(64)	(10,943)
Share-based payment			(==,=,=)		(* .)	
transactions	_	_	_	776	_	776
Change due to capital increase					5	5
of consolidated subsidiaries	_	_	_	_	3	3
Obtaining of control of	_	_	_	_	1,210	1,210
subsidiaries					1,210	1,210
Transfer from other						
components of equity to	(1,120)	(1,166)	1,166	-	_	-
retained earnings				-		
Total transactions with owners	(1,120)	(1,166)	(9,712)	(21,678)	1,151	(20,526)
Balance at February 28, 2025		14,219	199,311	409,646	13,588	423,235

(4) Consolidated statement of cash flows

(1)	Fiscal year ended February 29, 2024	Fiscal year ended February 28, 2025
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities		
Profit before tax	41,343	55,785
Depreciation and amortization expense	46,492	45,593
Impairment loss	2,310	2,689
Finance income	(1,609)	(781)
Finance costs	4,847	4,270
Share of loss (profit) of investments accounted for using equity method	(1,532)	(1,074)
Loss (gain) on sales of non-current assets	(757)	(140)
Loss on disposals of non-current assets	1,302	2,699
Gain on step acquisition	_	(8,525)
Decrease (increase) in inventories	3,748	2,530
Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivables	(13,010)	(16,567)
Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables	18,001	11,157
Increase (decrease) in retirement benefit liabilities	(773)	(616)
Decrease (increase) in retirement benefit assets	(2,306)	(787)
Other, net	(812)	181_
Subtotal	97,245	96,415
Interest received	150	186
Dividends received	899	129
Interest paid	(4,803)	(4,223)
Income taxes paid	(4,679)	(10,390)
Income taxes refund	1,880	3,695
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	90,692	85,812
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(7,030)	(14,412)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets	241	182
Purchase of investment property	(1,594)	(1,216)
Proceeds from sales of investment property	4,014	_
Purchase of intangible assets	(2,863)	(2,574)
Purchase of investment securities	(1,885)	(6,641)
Proceeds from sales of investment securities	22,179	1,699
Proceeds from refund of guarantee deposits	2,422	3,645
Purchase of shares of subsidiaries resulting in change in scope of consolidation	_	(6,220)
Other, net	(2,054)	(2,771)
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	13,429	(28,308)

	Fiscal year ended February 29, 2024	Fiscal year ended February 28, 2025
-	Millions of yen	Millions of yen
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities		
Net increase (decrease) in current borrowings	(9,100)	_
Proceeds from non-current borrowings	3,400	8,500
Repayments of non-current borrowings	(29,530)	(12,430)
Redemption of bonds	_	(20,000)
Repayments of lease liabilities	(29,088)	(27,590)
Purchase of treasury shares	(8)	(11,575)
Dividends paid	(8,362)	(10,847)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(64)	(64)
Other, net	6	5
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities	(72,746)	(74,001)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	31,375	(16,498)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	39,874	71,342
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	92	130
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	71,342	54,975

(5) Notes to consolidated financial statements

(Notes on premise of going concern)
No items to report.

(Segment information, etc.)

(1) Overview of reportable segments

The reportable segments of the Group are constituent units of the Group for which separate financial information is obtainable. These segments are periodically examined by the Board of Directors for the purpose of deciding the allocation of management resources and evaluating business results.

The Group is comprised, under a holding company structure, of the reportable segments "Department Store Business," "SC Business," "Developer Business" and "Payment and Finance Business," with the Department Store Business at its core.

The Department Store Business carries out the sale of clothing, general goods, household goods, food products and others. The SC Business undertakes development, management, supervision and operation, etc. of shopping centers. The Developer Business carries out development, sales, supervision, operation, interior decorating work, etc. of real estate. The Payment and Finance Business undertakes issuance and administration, etc. of credit cards.

Due to the review of the business management classification, PARCO Digital Marketing Co., Ltd. was removed from the Developer Business and included in the SC Business on March 1, 2024. In addition, due to reorganization within the Group as of September 1, 2024, a part of the management business of J. Front One Partner Co., Ltd. (formerly JFR Service Co. Ltd.), which had been included in "Other," was transferred to PARCO SPACE SYSTEMS Co., Ltd. that is included in the "Developer Business" and another company. As a result, results have been retroactively adjusted as if the transfer took place at the beginning of the fiscal year ended February 29, 2024 (as of March 1, 2023).

(2) Segment revenue and business results

Revenue and business results by reportable segments of the Group are as follows. Inter-segment transactions are generally based on prevailing market prices.

Fiscal year ended February 29, 2024

		Rep	portable segme	ents					
	Department Store Business	SC Business	Developer Business	Payment and Finance Business	Total	Other	Total	Adjustments	Consolidated
	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of
	yen	yen	yen	yen	yen	yen	yen	yen	yen
External revenue	238,747	57,551	67,165	6,148	369,613	37,393	407,006	_	407,006
Inter-segment revenue	352	1,179	14,152	6,967	22,652	9,948	32,600	(32,600)	
Total	239,100	58,731	81,318	13,115	392,265	47,341	439,607	(32,600)	407,006
Segment profit	23,430	9,463	7,674	2,583	43,152	1,248	44,400	(1,351)	43,048
Finance income									1,609
Finance costs									(4,847)
Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using equity method									1,532
Profit before tax									41,343
Segment assets	546,826	298,146	143,823	84,268	1,073,064	78,095	1,151,160	(36,433)	1,114,726
Other items									
Depreciation and amortization expense	29,472	12,972	4,238	177	46,860	860	47,721	(1,228)	46,492
Impairment loss	1,654	29	179	_	1,864	11	1,875	435	2,310
Investments accounted for using equity method	22,481	51	841	-	23,374	156	23,530	1	23,531
Capital expenditures	6,322	8,464	2,078	52	16,918	575	17,493	(5,405)	12,087

Notes: 1. The "Other" category is a business segment not included in reportable segments. It includes wholesaling, parking, leasing, etc.

- 3. Adjustments are made as follows.
 - (1) The adjustments for segment profit include inter-segment eliminations and corporate income and expenses not attributable to any business segment. Corporate income and expenses are mainly income and expenses of the company submitting consolidated financial statements that are not attributable to any business segment.
 - (2) The adjustment for segment assets includes elimination of segment receivables, unrealized profit adjustments on non-current assets, and assets of the company submitting consolidated financial statements that are not attributable to any business segment.
 - (3) The adjustment for depreciation and amortization expense consists of inter-segment transfers.
 - (4) The adjustment for investments accounted for using equity method consists of investments in entities accounted for using equity method of the company submitting consolidated financial statements that are not attributable to any business segment.
 - (5) The adjustment for capital expenditures consists mainly of inter-segment eliminations, inter-segment unrealized profit, and capital expenditures of the company submitting consolidated financial statements that are not attributable to any business segment.
- 4. Segment profit is adjusted to operating profit in the consolidated financial statements.

^{2.} Capital expenditures are the amount of the increase in property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, investment property and intangible assets.

		Rep	oortable segme	ents					
	Department Store Business	SC Business	Developer Business	Payment and Finance Business	Total	Other	Total	Adjustments	Consolidated
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen
External revenue	263,242	63,251	69,144	5,370	401,009	40,859	441,868	9	441,877
Inter-segment revenue	401	1,167	21,513	7,765	30,846	9,857	40,704	(40,704)	_
Total	263,643	64,418	90,658	13,135	431,855	50,716	482,572	(40,694)	441,877
Segment profit	29,677	12,850	8,189	1,460	52,177	797	52,975	5,224	58,199
Finance income									781
Finance costs									(4,270)
Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using equity method									1,074
Profit before tax									55,785
Segment assets	617,068	285,933	144,196	85,954	1,133,153	82,075	1,215,229	(51,082)	1,164,147
Other items									
Depreciation and amortization expense	28,803	12,172	4,284	202	45,463	833	46,297	(703)	45,593
Impairment loss	1,878	765	_	_	2,643	102	2,746	(56)	2,689
Investments accounted for using equity method	21,607	15	5,888	_	27,511	157	27,668	171	27,840
Capital expenditures	14,698	3,878	1,877	588	21,043	1,577	22,621	360	22,981

Notes: 1. The "Other" category is a business segment not included in reportable segments. It includes wholesaling, parking, leasing, etc.

- 2. Capital expenditures are the amount of the increase in property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, investment property and intangible assets.
- 3. Adjustments are made as follows.
 - (1) The adjustments for segment profit include inter-segment eliminations and corporate income and expenses not attributable to any business segment. Corporate income and expenses are mainly income and expenses of the company submitting consolidated financial statements that are not attributable to any business segment.
 - (2) The adjustment for segment assets includes elimination of segment receivables, unrealized profit adjustments on non-current assets, and assets of the company submitting consolidated financial statements that are not attributable to any business segment.
 - (3) The adjustment for depreciation and amortization expense consists of inter-segment transfers.
 - (4) The adjustment for investments accounted for using equity method consists of investments in entities accounted for using equity method of the company submitting consolidated financial statements that are not attributable to any business segment.
 - (5) The adjustment for capital expenditures consists mainly of inter-segment eliminations, inter-segment unrealized profit, and capital expenditures of the company submitting consolidated financial statements that are not attributable to any business segment.
- 4. Segment profit is adjusted to operating profit in the consolidated financial statements.

(Per share information)

(1) Basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share

	Fiscal year ended February 29, 2024	Fiscal year ended February 28, 2025	
Basic earnings per share (Yen)	114.06	160.35	
Diluted earnings per share (Yen)	114.06	160.15	

(2) Basis for calculation of basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share

1) Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders

	Fiscal year ended February 29, 2024	Fiscal year ended February 28, 2025
Profit attributable to owners of parent (Millions of yen) Profit not attributable to ordinary equity holders of	29,913	41,424
parent (Millions of yen)	-	-
Profit used to calculate basic earnings per share (Millions of yen)	29,913	41,424
Adjustment to profit (Millions of yen)	_	_
Profit used to calculate diluted earnings per share (Millions of yen)	29,913	41,424

2) Average number of shares during the period

2) Average number of shares during	g the period	
	Fiscal year ended February 29, 2024	Fiscal year ended February 28, 2025
Average number of common shares during the period (Thousands of shares) Increase in the number of common shares	262,260	258,336
Officer remuneration BIP trust (Thousands of shares)	<u>-</u>	320
Average number of diluted common shares	262,260	258,656

Note:

The calculation of basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share excludes the number of Company's shares owned by the officer remuneration BIP trust from the average number of common shares during the period because such shares are treated as the Company's treasury shares.

(Significant subsequent events)

The Company has resolved, at a meeting of the Board of Directors held on April 14, 2025, on matters concerning the acquisition of own shares pursuant to the provisions of Article 459, paragraph (1) of the Companies Act and the provisions of Article 39 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation.

1. Reason for acquisition

Under the Medium-term Business Plan (FY2024–FY2026), the Company strives to "achieve profitable growth" and "optimize the amount of equity and strengthen shareholder returns" in order to improve medium- to long-term return on equity. This acquisition will be carried out based on this policy.

2. Details of matters related to acquisition

(1) Class of shares to be acquired

Common shares

(2) Total number of shares to be acquired

11,500,000 shares (upper limit)

(4.45% of total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares))

(3) Total amount of share acquisition costs

¥15.0 billion (upper limit)

(4) Acquisition period

From April 15, 2025 to August 29, 2025

- (5) Method of acquisition
 - 1) Purchase through off-auction own share repurchase trading system (ToSTNeT-3) of the Tokyo Stock Exchange
 - 2) Market purchases on the Tokyo Stock Exchange